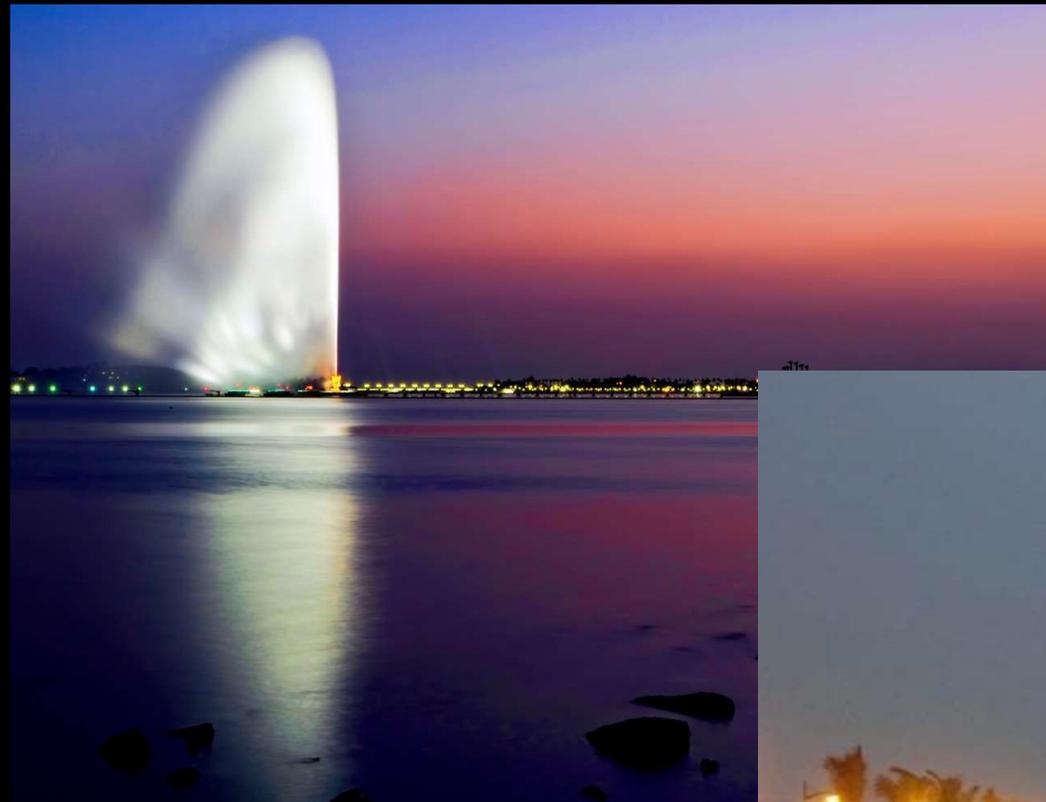




Another case of proximal muscle weakness

Ahmad Abuzinadah, MD, FRCP(C)
Assistant Professor at King Abdulaziz
University, Jeddah Saudi Arabia

Jeddah Fountain: the tallest



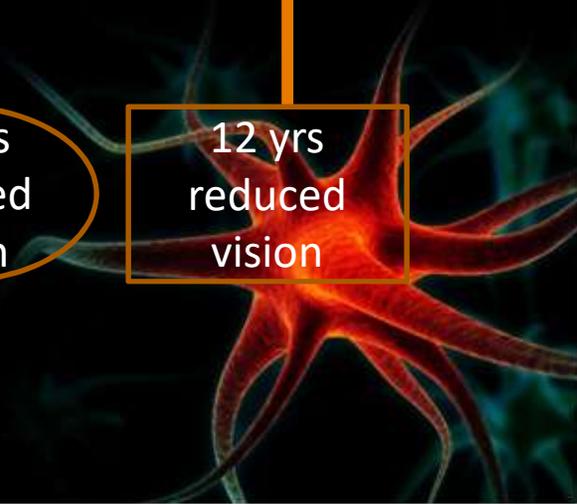
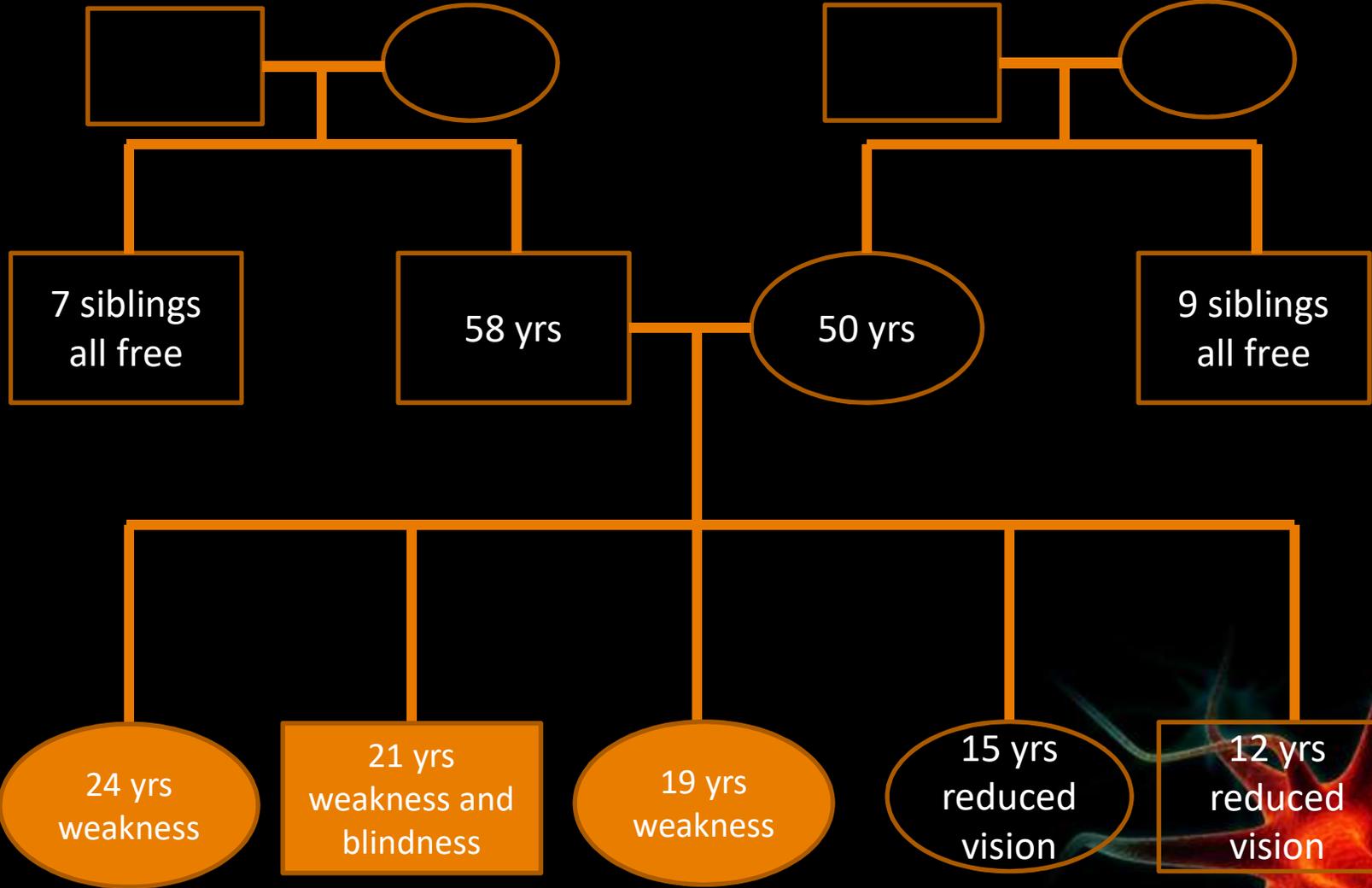
History

- 19 year old woman
- C/O: Gradually progressive generalized weakness for 3 to 4 years
- Difficulty
 - standing from chairs and climbing stairs
 - now she cannot stand up from floor
 - Placing things over the shoulder level
- Trips over her feet occasionally
- Need to repeat her self to be understood
- No sensory symptoms
- No Dysphagia, no diplopia, no seizures and no cognitive dysfunction.



- Family History:
- First degree consanguinity.





Examination

- Oculi 5-
- Buccal 4
- NF 5
- NE 5
- Tone: normal, no fasciculation or atrophy
- Reflexes:
 - Bilateral Biceps, triceps and brachioradialis: 3.
 - Bilateral Knees jerks: 3.
 - Bilateral ankles jerks: 3.
- Planter response: upgoing plantar bilaterally

	Right	Left
Detoid	4-	4-
Biceps	4	4
Triceps	4-	4-
WE	4	4-
EDC	4-	4-
FDI	4-	4-
FRP	4-	4-
Hip Flex	3	3
Knee Flex	4	4
Knee Ext	5	5
Ankle DF	4-	4-
Ankle PF	5	5

- Pinprick:
 - Fore head 100%
 - Big toe: Right 100 % Left 100 %
 - Ankle: Right 100 % Left 100 %
 - below knees: Right 40 % Left 40 %
- Gait: waddling



Her brother History

- 21 y/o male
- Generalized weakness for 10 years.
- Frequent falling X 10 years
- Difficulty climbing stairs and bringing things above the head
- Cannot stand from chair without assistant.
- Cannot climb stairs except with rails.
- He cannot dress himself (need assistants)

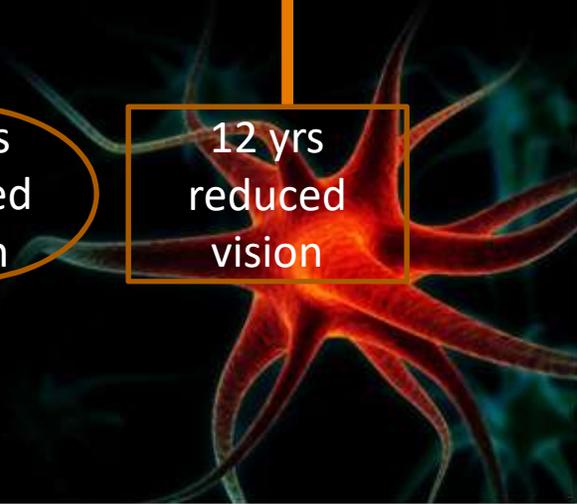
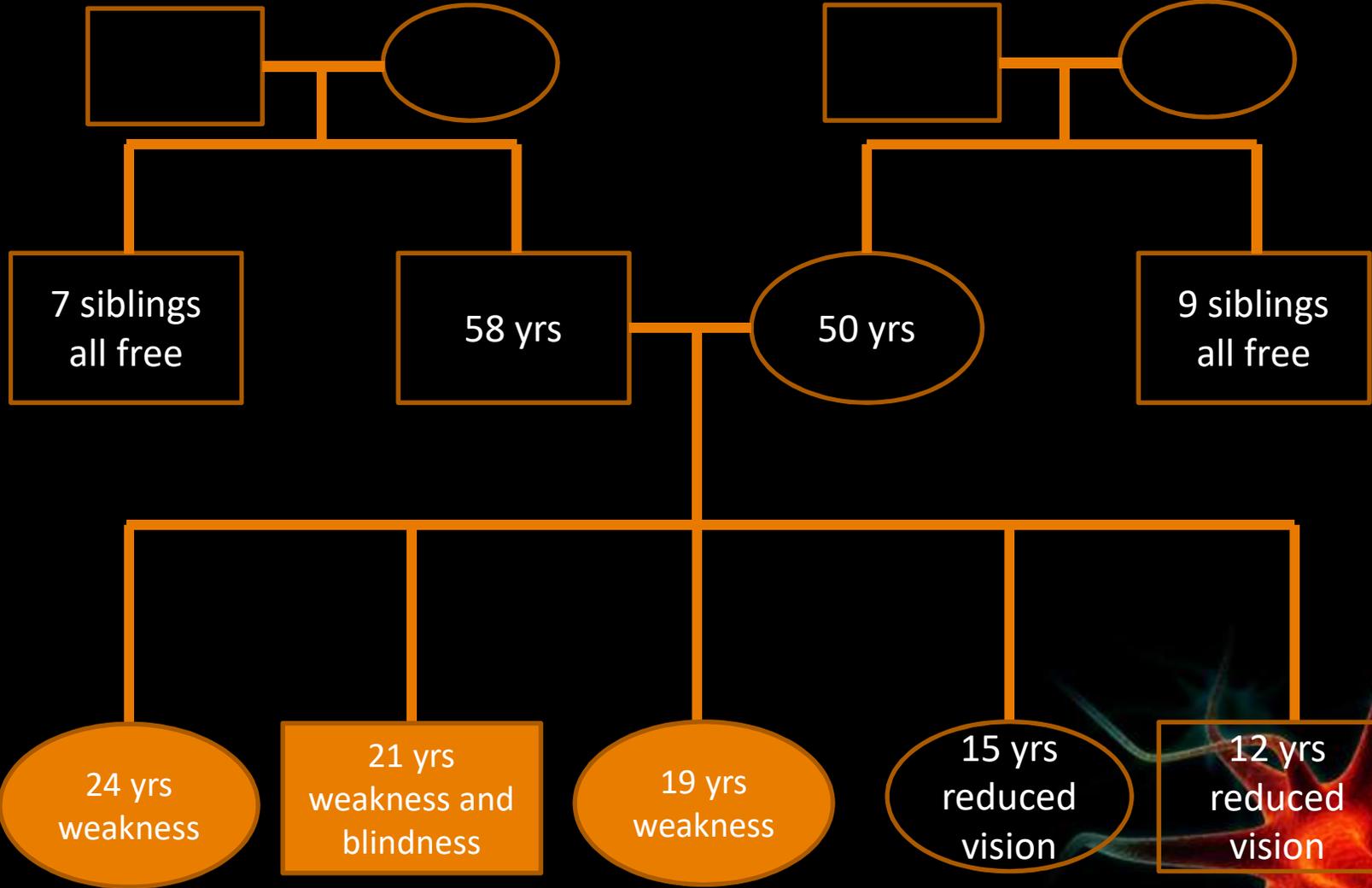


- Mild slurred speech
- No dysphagia
- Blurred vision and diagnosed with retinal diseases
- No seizures , double vision
- No cognitive dysfunction,
- Law student at KAU.



- Family History:
- First degree consanguinity.





Examination

- Oculi 4
- Buccal 4
- Tone:
 - upper limb: normal
 - lower limb: increase
- No fasciculation or atrophy
- Reflexes:
 - Bilateral Biceps, triceps and brachioradialis: 0.
 - Bilateral Knees jerks: 4.
 - Bilateral ankles jerks: 3.
- Planter response: upgoing plantar bilaterally

	Right	Left
Detoid	3	3
Biceps	3	3
Triceps	3+	3+
WE	-3	-3
EDC	-3	-3
FDI	3	3
FRP	3	3
Hip Flex	2	2
Knee Flex	4	4
Knee Ext	5	5
Ankle DF	3	3
Ankle PF	5	5

Exam...cont

- Pinprick:
 - Fore head 90%
 - Median distribution: Right 60 % Left 60 %
 - Ulnar distribution: Right 60 % Left 60 %
 - Big toe: Right 40 % Left 40 %
 - below knees: Right 60% Left 60 %
- Vibration:
 - hand: 7.5 RS bilaterally
 - big toe: 5.5 bilaterally
- Proprioception: normal



LOCALIZATION AND DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS



Differential diagnosis

- Mitochondrial myopathies (POLG Kearns Sayre, MELAS, MERFF)
- Leukodystrophy (Refsum's disease, ... etc)
- Hereditary motor and sensory neuropathy particularly type V.



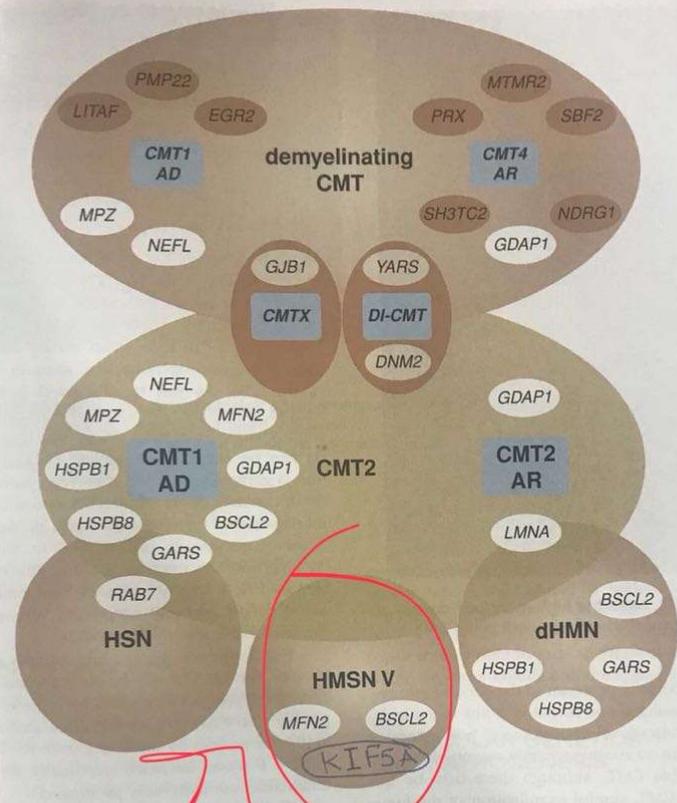


Figure 9-1. The various types of Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease and their areas of overlap. Identified causative genes are also shown. Diseases: CMT, Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease (CMT1, demyelinating, autosomal dominant; CMT2, axonal, autosomal dominant or recessive; CMT4, demyelinating, autosomal recessive; CMTX, X-linked; DI-CMT, dominant intermediate); dHMN, distal hereditary motor neuropathies; HSN, hereditary sensory neuropathies; HMSN V, hereditary motor and sensory neuropathy V (CMT with pyramidal involvement). Inheritance: AD, autosomal dominant; AR, autosomal recessive. Genes: BSCL2, Berardinelli-Seip congenital lipodystrophy type 2; DNMT2, dynamin 2; EGR2, early-growth response 2; GARS, glycyl-tRNA synthetase; GDAP1, 2; GJB1, gap junction ganglioside-induced differentiation-associated protein 1; GJB1, gap junction ganglioside-induced differentiation-associated protein 1; HSPB8 (or HSP27), heat-shock 27-kDa protein 1; HSPB8 (or HSP22), heat-shock 22-kDa protein 8; LITAF, lipopolysaccharide-induced tumor necrosis factor-alpha factor; LMNA, lamin A/C nuclear envelope protein; MFN2, mitofusin 2; MTMR2, myotubularin-related protein 2; SBF2, SET binding factor 2; SH3TC2, SH3 domain and tetratricopeptide repeat domain 2; NDRG1, N-myc downstream-regulated gene 1; NEFL, neurofilament light chain; MPZ, myelin peripheral myelin protein-22; PRX, periaxin; RAB7, small GTPase late endosomal protein RAB7; YARS, tyrosyl-tRNA synthetase. (With permission from Pareyson D. Axonal Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease: The fog is only slowly lifting. *Neurology* 2007;68:1649-1650, Fig. 1, p. 1650.)



The girl's Motor NCS

MNCS								
Nerve	Lat	Amp (mV)	Area (ms*mV)	Amp			CV m/s	F-M Lat ms
	ms			Area (%)	Duration (ms)	Dur (%)		
Axillaris Motor Right								
Erb's - Deltoid	--	--	--		--			
Medianus Motor Right								
Wrist - APB	--	--	--		--			
Elbow-Wrist	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Peroneal TA Motor Right								
Distal FH - Tib. ant	2.87	1.81	5.9		6.3			
Prox FH-Distal FH	4.50	1.62	4.1	-30.5	6.3	0	61.3	
Peroneus Motor Right								
Ankle - EDB	5.01	0.95	4.1		7.6			
Distal FH-Ankle	12.0	0.36	1.70	-58.5	7.2	-5.3	42.9	
Prox FH-Distal FH	44.9	0.24	0.35	-79.4	4.5	-37.5	--	
Radial Motor Right								
Forearm - EIP	--	--	--		--			
Tibialis Motor Right								
Med. mal - Abd hal	5.34	4.0	9.2		5.6			43.7
Pop Fossa-Med. mal	12.9	1.22	1.86	-79.8	6.8	21.4	51.6	
Ulnaris Motor Right								
Wrist - ADM	--	--	--		--			
Bl. elbow-Wrist	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	



The boy's motor NCS

MNCS								
Nerve	Lat	Amp		Amp		CV	F-M Lat	
	ms	Amp (mV)	Area (ms*mV)	Area (%)	Duration (ms)			
Axillaris Motor Right								
Axilla - Deltoid	3.50	2.8	16.7		9.4			
Medianus Motor Right								
Wrist - APB	8.97	0.32	--		--			
Peroneus Motor Right								
Ankle - EDB	5.31	0.99	1.97		3.7			22.2
Distal FH-Ankle	10.1	1.17	3.0	52.3	4.2	13.5	60.5	
Prox FH-Distal FH	11.4	1.28	3.3	10.0	4.2	0	76.9	
Tibialis Motor Right								
Med. mal - Abd hal	5.80	1.86	2.5		3.1			39.2
Pop Fossa-Med. mal	12.5	0.70	2.2	-12.0	6.6	113	59.7	
Ulnaris Motor Right								
Wrist - ADM	4.52	0.58	0.87		4.2			



Sensory NCS

- Normal in the girl
- Absent sural in the boy



EMG: 21 yrs boy, biceps

Right Biceps

Buffer 0%

3 mV/D 100 ms/D

0.5 mV/D 10 ms/D

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<input type="checkbox"/> Spontaneous	<input type="checkbox"/> Voluntary	<input type="checkbox"/> IP	<input type="checkbox"/> Hi Pass	<input type="checkbox"/> MUPs	<input type="checkbox"/> Data
<input type="radio"/> IP Analysis	<input type="radio"/> Save Epoch	<input type="radio"/> Pause	<input type="radio"/> Left	<input type="radio"/> Findings	

Patient ID: 977558, MALIK AHMAD FARAH, 2018-02-13



EMG: 21 yrs boy, vastus



EMG: 9 years girl, triceps

Right Triceps
3 mV/D 100 ms/D

Buffer 0%

3 mV/D 10 ms/D

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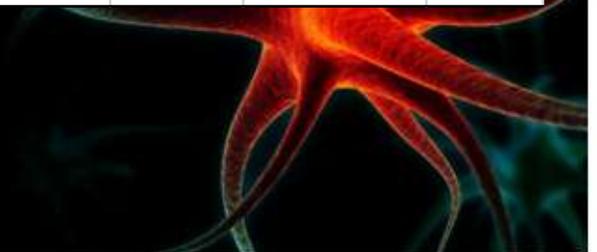
Spontaneous Voluntary IP Hi Pass Data
 Save Epoch Pause Left Findings

Patient ID: 0564798761, Muhayrah Farah, 2018-10-24



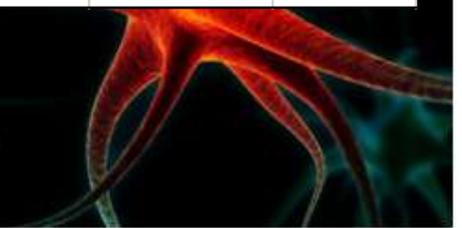
19 years girl

Muscle	Fib	PSW	Fasc	CRD	Amp	Dur	Poly	IP	Recruit	Firing
Right Semitendinosus	No	0	0	0	Normal	Normal	+	Normal	Reduced	3+
Right Vastus lat	No	0	1+	0	+	+	Normal	-	Reduced	2+
Right Tibialis anterior	No	1+	1+	0	Normal	Normal	+	---	Reduced	3+
Right FDI	No	0	0	0						
Right Triceps	No	0	1+	0	+++	Normal	+	--	Reduced	2+
Right Biceps	No	0	0	2+	++	Normal	++	--	Reduced	2+



21 year old boy

Muscle	Fib	PSW	Fasc	Amp	Dur	Poly	Stabil	IP	Recruit	Firing
Right Tibialis anterior	3+	3+	0	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Late	2+
Right Iliopsoas	No	0	0	++	++	Normal	Normal	Normal	Late	2+
Right Vastus lat	No	0	0	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
Right FDI	No	0	0							
Right Triceps	2+	2+	0	+	+	Normal	Normal	Normal	Late	3+
Right Biceps	No	0	0	Normal	+	Normal	Normal	Normal	Late	3+



Other testing results

- CK: normal in both patients
- MRI brain and whole spine was normal



Impression

- This study is consistent with clinical diagnosis of inherited motor neuropathy with upper motor neuron signs and that include
 1. Hereditary motor and sensory neuropathy type V (MFN2, KIF5A, BSCL2).
 2. Mitochondrial disease e.g. POLG1 mutation
 3. Leukodystrophy (Refsum's, .. etc).
 4. SMA



SMA testing

- No exon 7 or 8 deletion.

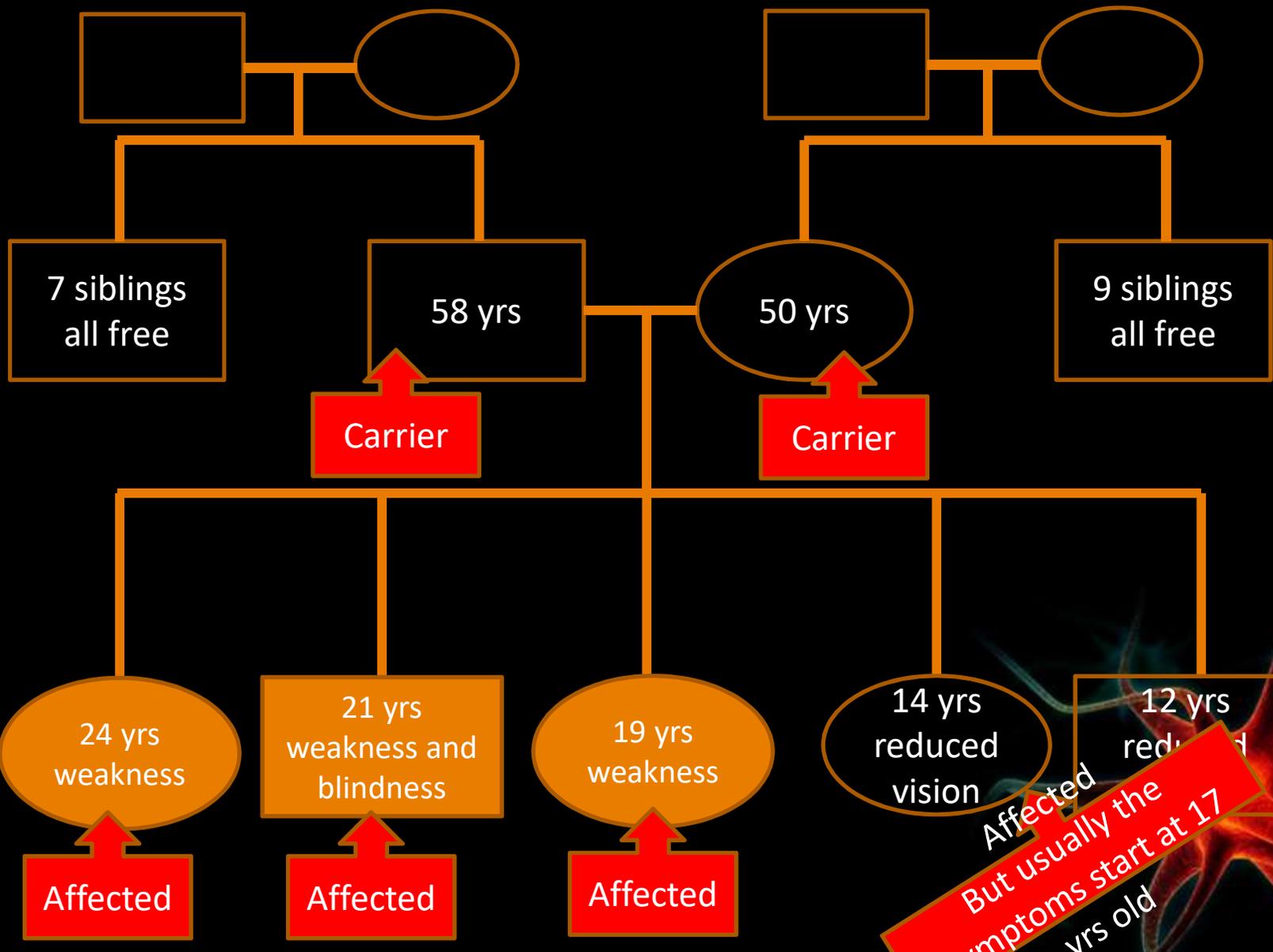


Diagnostic test



- Whole exom sequencing was choosing to target our broad differential diagnosis
- WES for the boy showed:
 - **SYNE1 gene** homozygous mutation
 - Known to case autosomal recessive spinocerebellar ataxia type 8, with one report of motor neuropathy.



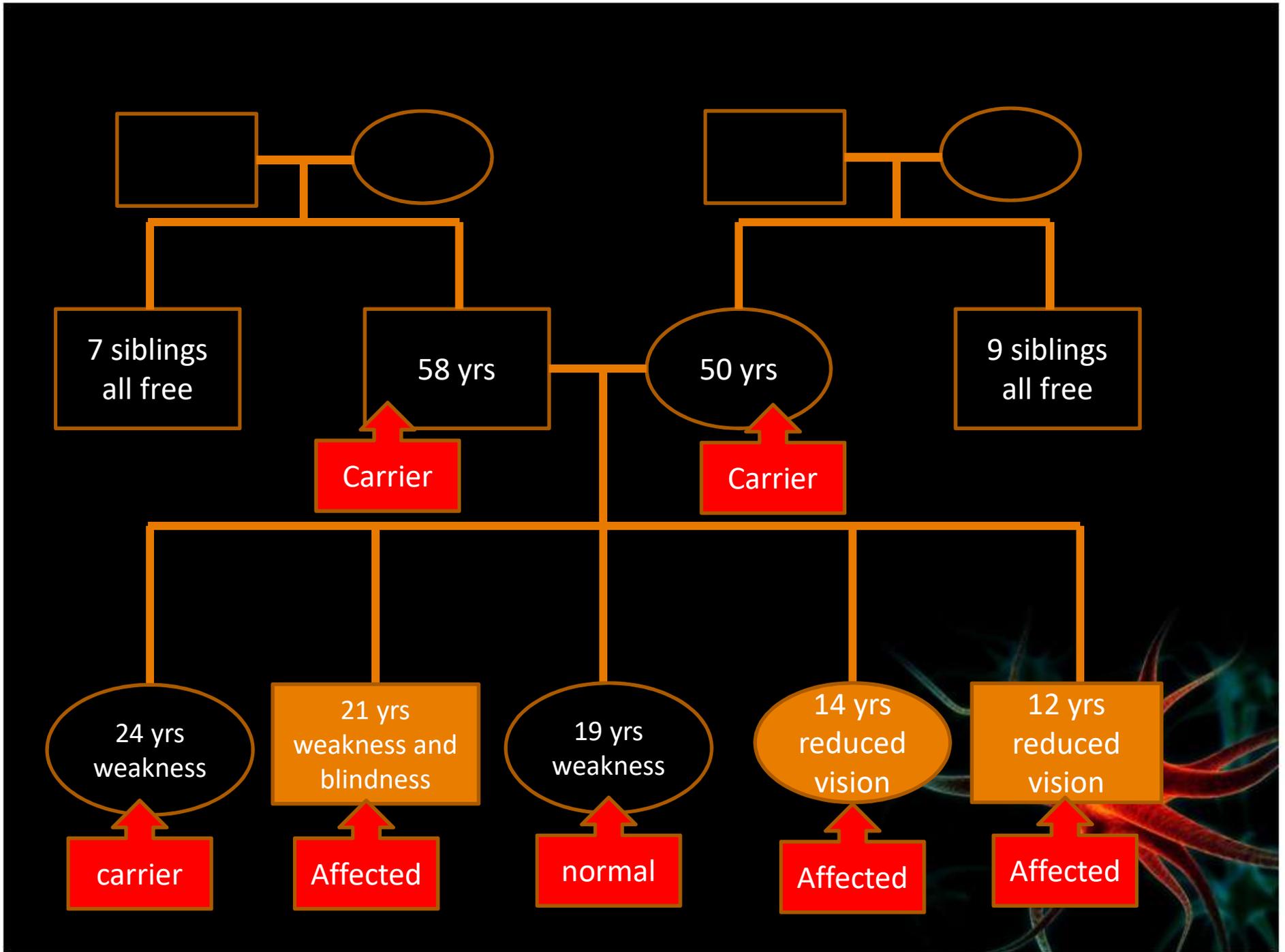


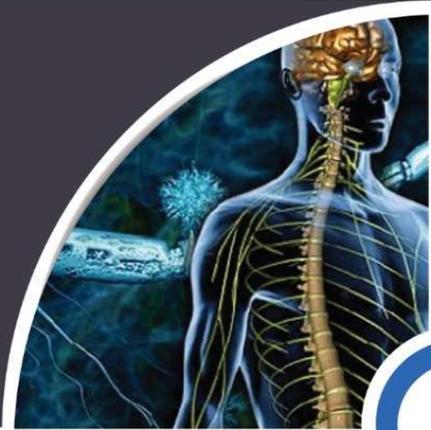
Affected
But usually the
symptoms start at 17
yrs old



- WES also revealed that the boy has:
 - Homozygous mutation in gene:
C8ORF37
- Known to cause:
 - Cone rod dystrophy 16 (AR)







**Saudi Neuromuscular
Disease and Electrodiagnostic
Medicine Conference SANEM2019**

28th Feb - 2th March 2019
Park Hyatt, Hotel
Jeddah, Saudi Arabia



**Basic & Advance EMG & Nerve
Conduction Study Workshop**

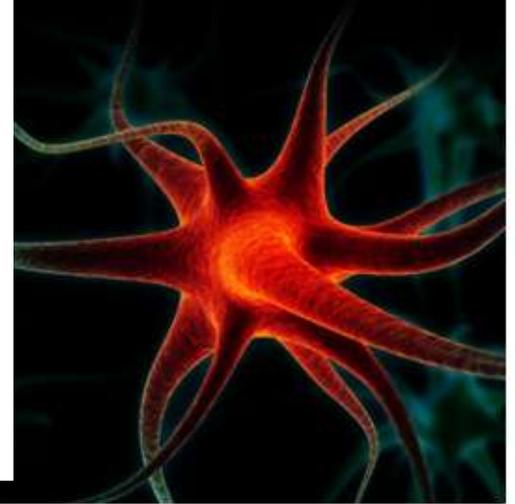
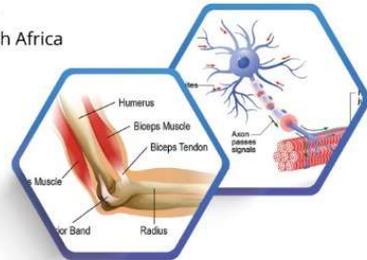
Online Registration
 Doctor:- 400 SAR
 Student:- 200 SAR
 Nursing - Technician :- 200 SAR
 Workshop:- 250 SAR

TARGET AUDIENCE :

- Adult Neurology
- Pediatric Neurology
- Neuromuscular Medicine
- Internal Medicine
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much

